

Powering Achievement

*The Impact of School Libraries &
Librarians on Academic Achievement*

Keith Curry Lance
Library Research Service
Colorado State Library &
University of Denver



Outline



- ❑ Background
 - States involved, Info Power context
- ❑ Results
 - Library predictors of academic achievement
 - Controlling for school & community conditions
- ❑ Implications
 - Recommended actions
 - Other research questions
 - What you can do

Previous Research



1950s-1980's: largely experimental research

- ❑ Librarian as teacher, co-teacher, tutor
- ❑ Collections, technology, interlibrary cooperation
- ❑ Library staff, budgets, teacher & principal support

1992/3: 1st Colorado study: statistical analysis

- ❑ School Match episode
- ❑ "School Match Revisited" aftermath
- ❑ The Big Question ... and the answer

Information Power Model



Successor to earlier IP & Library Power

Themes

- Collaboration
- Leadership
- Technology

Roles

- Learning & Teaching
- Information Access & Delivery
- Program Administration

Standards-Based Education



Standardized, norm-referenced tests

- Reading tests
- Library/study skills tests
- Percentile rankings (grading “on the curve”)

Standards-based tests

- Content standards
- Information literacy standards
- Percent who meet or exceed standards

Technology



- ❑ Rapid growth in availability of computers, Internet access, World Wide Web capabilities in schools
- ❑ Changing nature of teacher-librarian & technology specialist jobs
- ❑ Common ground: "information literacy"

Challenge to Recent Studies



Take into account

- Info Power/Library Power movements
- Standards-based education
- Technology developments

Get message out beyond “the choir”

- Principals, teachers
- Technology specialists
- Parents, students

Schools & Libraries Studied



- ❑ Since 2000, 14 states
 - AK, CO, FL, IA, IL, MA, MI, MN, MO, NC, NM, OR, PA, TX
- ❑ Over 8,700 schools
- ❑ Elementary, middle and high school libraries serving an estimated 2.6 million students

Library Predictors of Academic Achievement



Library staffing

Professional staff (teacher-librarians)

- Master's/bachelor's degrees
- Teacher certification & experience
- Library endorsement

Support staff

- Library aides, technology aides

Library Predictors of Academic Achievement



Staff Activities

- Learning & Teaching
- Information Access & Delivery
- Program Administration

Library Predictors of Academic Achievement



Staff Activities

Learning & Teaching

- Planning with classroom teachers
- Teaching students with classroom teachers
- Teaching information literacy skills to students (without classroom teachers)
- Providing in-service training to classroom teachers

Library Predictors of Academic Achievement



Staff Activities

Information Access & Delivery

- Developing collections
- Identifying print & electronic resources for classroom teachers
- Motivating students to read

Library Predictors of Academic Achievement



Staff Activities

Program Administration

- Meeting regularly with principal
- Attending faculty meetings
- Serving on key committees
- Meeting with other school librarians

Library Predictors of Academic Achievement



- School library hours of operation
 - Before, during & after school
 - In summer
 - Flexible access/scheduling
- School library usage
 - Group visits
 - Individual visits
 - Both for information literacy skills instruction

Library Predictors of Academic Achievement



Technology

Numbers of computers

- In library
- Elsewhere in school

Providing access to

- Library catalogs
 - Licensed databases
 - State-specific packages of databases
- Internet/World Wide Web

The Latest Results: sample Illinois findings



- Test scores higher at schools with more:
 - Flexible scheduling (+10-11% elem.)
 - Library staffing (+17-18% elem., middle)
 - Librarian/teacher collaboration (+8% elem.)
 - Current collections (+13-14% middle)
 - Library & other connected computers/100 (+8-11% middle)
 - Library spending (+5% elem., +9% middle, +12% high)
 - Circ (+11%, elem.), group visits (+9-10%, middle)

Controlling for Other School & Community Conditions



- ❑ School library development factor
 - Staffing, collections, expenditures
- ❑ Other school conditions
 - Per pupil spending
 - Teacher-pupil ratio
- ❑ Community conditions
 - Poverty (NSLP eligibility)
 - Minority enrollment
 - Adult educational attainment (age 25+ graduated from high school)

Academic Achievement Predictors Ranked



Ranked by percent of test score variation explained:

- Poverty** (NSLP eligibility): 50-65%
- School library development:** up to 8%, typically 3%

Variables that don't explain any test score variation consistently:

- Adult educational attainment
- Minority enrollment
- Per pupil spending
- Teacher-pupil ratio

Recommended Actions



- Staff school libraries with professional & support staff
- Stock them with current books & licensed databases as well as Internet computers
- Fund them to support school's curriculum and state's standards
- Adopt flexible scheduling
- Utilize school computer network to extend library program's reach into every classroom

Other Research Questions



- How best can leadership and collaboration skills of teacher-librarians be developed?
- What do teachers and administrators know—and need to learn—about the role of school libraries?
- How can information literacy and technology dovetail to maximize library's impact?

What You Can Do



- Collect and share meaningful numbers annually
- Record and share success stories
- Respond to appeals from researchers
- Pursue “action research” projects yourselves

For more
information...



☐ Visit <http://www.LRS.org/impact.asp>

☐ Contact Keith Curry Lance

■ Tel.: 303-866-6737

■ Fax: 303-866-6940

■ E-mail: lance_k@cde.state.co.us